

1. Find the vector that has initial point $(1,1)$ and terminal point $(3,-5)$.

2. Suppose $\vec{u} = \langle -2, 1 \rangle$ and $\vec{v} = \langle 0, 3 \rangle$.

a) Find $\|\vec{u}\|$.

b) Find $5\vec{v} - 2\vec{u}$.

c) Write \vec{v} in terms of \vec{i} and \vec{j} .

d) Find $\|-5\vec{v}\|$.

3. Find the direction (in degrees) of $\vec{v} = \langle -2, -3 \rangle$.

4. A ball is thrown with an initial speed of 20 miles per hour. The direction is 30° from the positive x -axis. Find the velocity vector \vec{v} . What is the initial speed in the horizontal direction? What is the initial speed in the vertical direction?
5. A boat is crossing a river that flows due south at 4 mi/h. The boat is heading due east at 5 mi/h relative to the water. Find the true velocity of the boat as a vector. Then find the true speed and direction of the boat.

Q: What goes up and down but doesn't move?

6. Find the vector from the point $(-1, 3)$ to the point $(0, 5)$. First, write the vector using component form. Then, write the vector in terms of \vec{i} and \vec{j} .
7. Find the vector from the point $(7, 0)$ to the point $(-2, -4)$. First, write the vector using component form. Then, write the vector in terms of \vec{i} and \vec{j} .
8. Suppose $\vec{u} = \langle 2, -1 \rangle$ and $\vec{v} = \langle -4, 3 \rangle$.
- Find $\|2\vec{u} - 3\vec{v}\|$.
 - Find $\|5\vec{u}\| + \|\vec{v}\|$.
 - Find $-\vec{v} + 2\vec{u}$.
 - Find $-2(\vec{u} + 3\vec{v})$.

e) Find the direction (in degrees) of \vec{u} from the positive x -axis.

f) Find the direction (in degrees) of \vec{v} from the positive x -axis.

g) Find a unit vector in the direction of \vec{u} .

h) Find a unit vector in the direction of \vec{v} .

9.

a) Write the following vectors in terms of \vec{i} and \vec{j} : $\langle 3, -2 \rangle$, $\langle -1, -5 \rangle$, $\langle 7, 0 \rangle$, $\langle 0, -23 \rangle$

b) Write the following vectors in component form: $7\vec{i} + 3\vec{j}$, $-13\vec{i} - \vec{j}$, $-2\vec{i}$, $4\vec{j}$

10. A ball is thrown with an initial speed of 50 miles per hour. The direction is 50° from the positive x -axis. (Round all values to 2 decimal places.)

a) Find the velocity vector \vec{v} .

b) What is the initial speed in the horizontal direction?

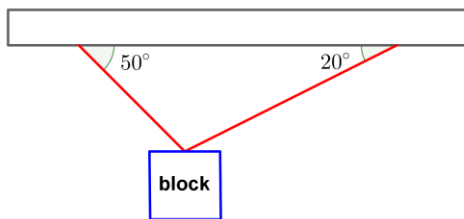
c) What is the initial speed in the vertical direction?

11. A whiteboard marker is thrown with an initial speed of 10 miles per hour. The direction is 80° from the positive x -axis. (Round all values to 2 decimal places.)
- Find the velocity vector \vec{v} .
 - What is the initial speed in the horizontal direction?
 - What is the initial speed in the vertical direction?
12. An airplane heads due south at 400 mi/h. It experiences a 50 mi/h crosswind blowing $S 30^\circ W$. (Round all values to 2 decimal places.)
- Find the velocity of the airplane relative to the ground.
 - What is the ground speed of the plane?
 - What is the plane's direction of movement relative to the ground?

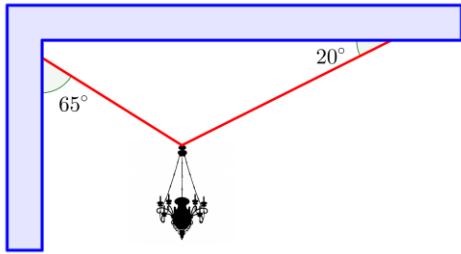
13. A jet heads $N 40^\circ W$ at 550 mi/h. It experiences a 70 mi/h crosswind blowing $N 10^\circ E$. (Round all values to 2 decimal places.)
- Find the velocity of the jet relative to the ground.
 - What is the ground speed of the jet?
 - What is the jet's direction of movement relative to the ground?
14. A swimmer is swimming 2 mi/h (relative to the water) across a straight river flowing south at 1.4 mi/h. In what direction should the swimmer head in order to arrive at a landing point that's due east of him?

15. An airplane is flying 350 mi/h relative to the air. It experiences a 40 mi/h crosswind blowing due north. In what direction should the airplane head in order to arrive at a point due west of its location?

16. A 2000-pound concrete block is suspended from two cables as shown below. Find the tension in each cable.



17. A 150-pound chandelier is suspended from two wires as shown below. Find the tension in each wire.



Optional exercises from the Sullivan book if you'd like more practice:
9.4 (p.606) #29-47 odd, 59-71 odd, 73, 77, 79, 83, 85, 87